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AGENDA

- Introductions
- Workshop Objectives
- Challenges and Needs
- Teaching Credibility
- iEvaluate
- Credibility Poster Screenshot Activity
- Individual Action Plans
- Audience Feedback and Q&A

WORKSHOP OBJECTIVES

Participants will be able to:

- Facilitate credibility assessment of online information for students' individual and academic needs;
- Plan one activity around innovative models designed to help young people assess website credibility; and
- Collaborate with other library staff in facilitating young people's learning of online credibility assessment.



CHALLENGES AND NEEDS

- At each table, use the sticky notes provided to answer the following two questions:
 - What are the needs in my library in terms of credibility assessment?
 - What are frequent challenges children face in assessing credibility of online information?
- Use as many sticky notes as you like, but write only one answer per note.
- Using a wall in the room, with one side for challenges and one for needs, stick your notes under either side.
- After 20 minutes, we'll ask for a few volunteers to assist in organizing the notes into common themes. Mega, Natalie, and Beth will summarize these needs and challenges.

TEACHING CREDIBILITY: CONTEXT OF OUR WORK









http://hackhealth.umd.edu/

PREDICTIVE CREDIBILITY



EVALUATIVE CREDIBILITY

Essential Questions

- How do I know whether or not I can trust the information on a particular website?
- How can I tell if the information on a website will help me learn what I need to know?

AASL Standards

- 1.1.1 Follow an inquiry-based process in seeking knowledge in curricular subjects, and make the real-world connection for using this process in own life.
- 1.1.4 Find, Evaluate, and select appropriate sources to answer questions
- 1.1.6 Read, View, and listen for information presented in any format (e.g., textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.
- 2.1.1 Continue an inquiry-based research process by applying critical thinking skills (analysis, synthesis, evaluation, organization) to information and knowledge in order to construct new understandings, draw conclusions, and create new knowledge.
- 2.1.5 Collaborate with others to exchange ideas, develop new understandings, and solve problems.

Goals

At the end of the pod, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate effective strategies for evaluating websites, from both search engine responses and website content;
- Demonstrate understanding of the connection between credibility and relevance; and
- Demonstrate flexibility in the use of resources by adapting information strategies to find more credible resources.

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

Overly confident;

- Lack domain knowledge;
- Lack search experience;
- Search and skim quickly;
- Assume information is correct;
- Choose most easily/quickly accessible sources;
- Rely on surface characteristics; and
- Rely on their familiarity with the vocabulary, media, and source.



WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

"How sure do you feel about your answer to this question?"



Figure 1. Participants' reasons for feeling sure (or unsure) of their answers to health-related questions

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT

Our participants:

- Automatically trusted the Internet;
- Made credibility judgments that were primarily intuitive (hunchbased) or heuristic (based on generalized rules of thumb)



INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

Don't assume you're right

Even when you feel very sure about an answer, keep in mind that the answer may not be correct.

Don't assume you're wrong

You may actually have correct information, even if the information you encounter on the Internet does not match.

Take an open approach

Maintain a critical stance by not including your preexisting beliefs as keywords.

Verify, verify, verify

Information found on the open Web needs to be validated, no matter how the information appears on the site.

PREDICTIVE CREDIBILITY

Handout: Parts of a Search Engine Results Page

<u>DIRECTIONS:</u> Print one copy for each group. Cut out each word and definition/image along the dotted line and place all in one envelope for each group. Have students match the words, definitions, and images of each search results part.



Words	Definitions	Images
Search verticals/ filters	Links to the vertical search engines, the specialized ones that narrow your search into a specific type of result, such as news or images. Clicking one of these links takes you to a results page with only news or only images, for example.	Web News Images Videos Books More - Search tools
Search bar/ search box	Near the top of the results page, where you can type in, see your query, and modify it or enter a new one	alzheimer's & Q
Related searches	Other topics that contain your query or other searches Google thinks might be relevant.	Searches related to alzheimer'salzheimer's symptomsalzheimer's testalzheimer's stagesalzheimer's treatmentalzheimer's preventionalzheimer's researchalzheimer's causesdementia
Disambiguation	The "Did you mean ?" suggestions that usually display after a misspelled search query turned up very few results. Google is trying to guess what you actually wanted.	Did you mean: alzheimer

EVALUATIVE CREDIBILITY

Fake Hurricane Sandy Photos Spread On Internet As Storm Barrels Toward Northeast

 The Huffington Post | By Meredith Bennett-Smith
 C

 Posted: 10/29/2012 5:31 pm EDT
 Updated: 10/30/2012 12:10 pm EDT

Vocabulary*

- **Relevance:** "[being] connected with the matter at hand"
- **Credible:** "worthy of belief or confidence; trustworthy"
- **Publish:** "to present a finished piece of work to the public"
- **Database:** "a comprehensive collection of related data organized for convenient access"
- Evaluate: "to carefully examine something to figure out its value"
- Criteria: "standards on which you base a judgment or decision"

- Search Engine: "a computer program that searches documents, especially on the World Wide Web, for a specified word or words and provides a list of documents in which they are found"
- National Library of Medicine: The National Library of Medicine (NLM) is part of the National Institutes of Health and is located in Bethesda, Maryland. Founded in 1836, it is the world's largest biomedical library. NLM holds a vast print collection and produces electronic information resources.

*The definitions for relevance, credible, database, and search engine are from <u>www.dictionary.com</u>. The National Library of Medicine definition is paraphrased from nlm.nih.gov. Publish, evaluate, and criteria all come from the Common Sense Media lesson plan: https://www.commonsensemedia.org/educators/lessor /identifying-high-quality-sites-6-8

iEvaluate: A Closer Look At Websites

student handout

Cable in the Classroom In-Credibly Informed

2013 • www.ciconline.org/InCtrl

iEvaluate

 Consider online resources

 Think about activities that are new to students

 Work in pairs to scaffold activities

 Think beyond real or fake.
 Consider purpose, author, and relevance

iEvaluate: A Closer Look At Websites

handout

Visit and evaluate at least three of the websites listed, then answer the following questions in your process journals or using a collaborative document or spreadsheet:

- Havidoll: The first and only treatment for dysphoric social attention consumption deficit anxiety disorder (DSACDAD). http://havidol.com
- 2. DHMO: A dangerous or useful chemical? http://www.dhmo.org/facts.html
- Pacific Northwest Tree Octopus: An endangered species! http://zapatopi.net/treeoctopus
- 4. Furnetics: The world's only provider of customized genetic body modifications. http://www.furnetics.com
- Buy Hydrated Water: Save yourself from harmful pollutants. http://www.buydehydratedwater.com
- 6. Dog Island: Let your dog live happily ever after! http://www.thedogisland.com
- Boilerplate: Learn about the first robotic man ever built. http://www.bigredhair.com/boilerplate/intro.html
- Uncyclopedia: The content free encyclopedia. http://uncyclopedia.wikia.com/wiki/Main_Page
- 9. Petrol Direct: Save money by buying gasoline online. http://www.petroldirect.com
- 10. California's Velcro Crop: An important crop under stress from drought, disease, and pests. http://www.umbachconsulting.com/miscellany/velcro.html

CREDIBILITY POSTER SCREENSHOT ACTIVITY

Plan

This activity is designed for students to view the homepages of several types of medical websites and comment on different aspects of the sites as to whether the aspects make the students think the source is more or less credible.

Approximate Time

30-40 minutes

Materials

- 6 large poster screenshots
- Two colors of post-it notes
- Pens
- OR
- Projector
- Digital JPEG images of screenshots
- Student access to <u>www.padlet.com</u>

External URLs

www.padlet.com









INDIVIDUAL ACTION PLANS





- Think about the heuristics you use when you review a Google search results list and/or a new website. Write some of the strategies in a list.
- Think about how this might differ for a young person. How could they use a list like this to improve their credibility evaluations.
 - Now consider:
 - How have you traditionally taught credibility?
 - How are you going to teach credibility assessment now? What will you do differently? Why?
 - Is there a specific activity that you are thinking of implementing?

QUESTIONS AND FEEDBACK

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